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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A ~~computer-implemented compressed code generating~~ method that is used for compressing information, the method comprising:
 - receiving a sound signal, an image signal or a data signal;
 - converting the sound signal, the image signal or the data signal into a binary code bit string {y};
 - ~~receiving a binary code bit string {y} which represents data, sound or images;~~
 - obtaining first and second bit strings $\{y\}_1$ and $\{y\}_2$ respectively from the binary code bit string $\{y\}$;
 - defining a quantized initial value $Y(0)$ by giving a binary weight to the first bit string $\{y\}_1$;
 - obtaining an internal status $x(0)$ using the quantized initial value $Y(0)$ and n in a right-hand side of an inverse transform of isomorphic transform and quantization expression, $x(0) = \{\sin \pi Y_n(0) / 2^{n+1}\}^2$ (where n is a quantized resolution of the first bit string);
 - substituting the obtained internal status $x(0)$ in a right-hand side of an inverse calculation expression of a logistic map, $x(t-1) = (1 \pm (1-x(t))^{1/2})/2$ (where t is a discrete time), and selecting a sign of positive or negative in the right-hand side of the inverse calculation expression according to a binary value of the second bit string $\{y\}_2$, thereby obtaining a past retroactive internal status, the substituting and selecting steps sequentially executed by the number of bits of the second strings $\{y\}_2$;
 - generating a compressed code $Y(-\tau)$ by using a resultant internal status $x(-\tau)$ and m in a right-hand side of an isomorphic transform and quantization expression, $Y(-\tau) = 2/\pi \times \arcsin(x(-\tau))^{1/2} \times 2^m$ (where m is a newly defined quantized resolution of the second bit string, and τ is a discrete time newly defined for the above t); and

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outputting the compressed code $Y(-\tau)$,
 wherein a length of the compressed code $Y(-\tau)$ is less than a length of the bit string $\{y\}$.

2. (Currently amended) ~~A computer-implemented compressed code expanding method that is used for restoring and expanding the compressed code $Y(-\tau)$ generated by using the compressed code generating~~ The method recited in Claim 1, ~~the method further~~ comprising:

receiving the compressed code $Y(-\tau)$;

obtaining the internal status $x(-\tau)$ using the compressed code $Y(-\tau)$ and n in an inverse transform isomorphic transform and quantization, $x(-\tau) = \{\sin \pi Y(-\tau) / 2^{n+1}\}^2$;

obtaining an internal status using the internal status $x(-\tau)$ in a right-hand side of forward calculation expressions of a logistic map

$$x(t+1) = 4x(t)\{1 - x(t)\} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$x(t) = x(t+1) \quad \dots(2)$$

which is executed repeatedly up to an internal status $x(0)$;

restoring and expanding the second bit string $\{y\}_2$ by sequentially using the internal status $x(t)$ and m in a right-hand side of an isomorphic transform and quantization expression, $Y(t) = 2/\pi \times \arcsin(x(t))^{1/2} \times 2^m$;

restoring and expanding the first bit string $\{y\}_1$ by sequentially using the internal status $x(0)$ and m in the right-hand side of the isomorphic transform and quantization expression; and

outputting the restored first bit string $\{y\}_1$ and second bit string $\{y\}_2$;

obtaining the binary code bit string $\{y\}$ from the restored first bit string $\{y\}_1$ and second bit string $\{y\}_2$; and

converting the binary code bit string $\{y\}$ to the sound signal, the image signal or the data signal.

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3. (Currently Amended) The ~~computer-implemented compressed code generating~~ method of claim 1 wherein the sign of the right-hand side of the inverse calculation expression of the logistic map is positive when the value of the second bit string is 1 and negative when the value is 0.